

Copper Piping & High Pressure Refrigerants

Wall Thickness is 'Part' of the Equation

Charles A Stout, PhD PE, Director of R&D Mueller Industries



© 2013 MUELLER STREAMLINE CO





Why Copper for Refrigeration?

- Proven durability & reliability
- Workability in annealed state
- Corrosion resistance
- Anti-microbial properties

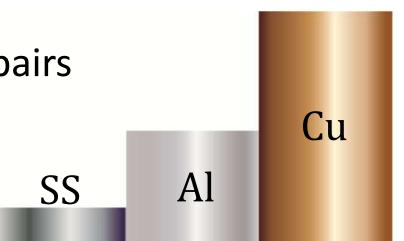




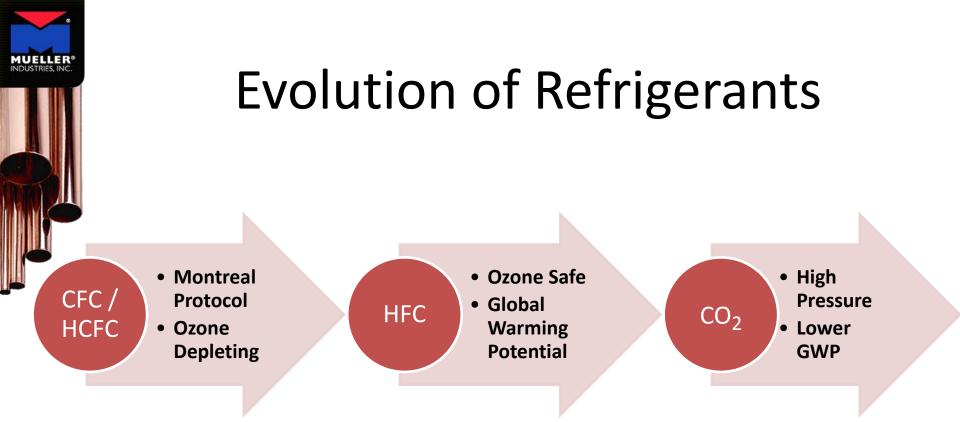


No Other Material Compares

- Superior heat transfer coefficient
 - Stainless Steel (SS).....25 W/mK
 - Aluminum (Al)......237 W/mK
- Strong brazed joints
- Ability to make field repairs



Heat Transfer

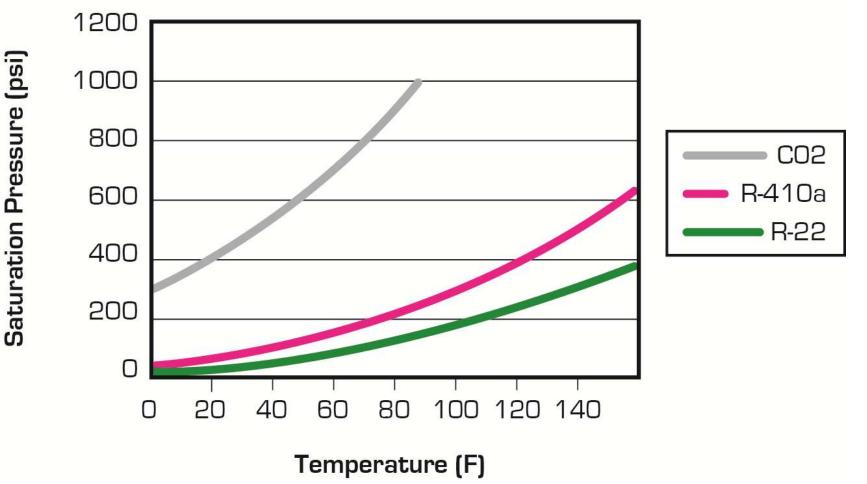


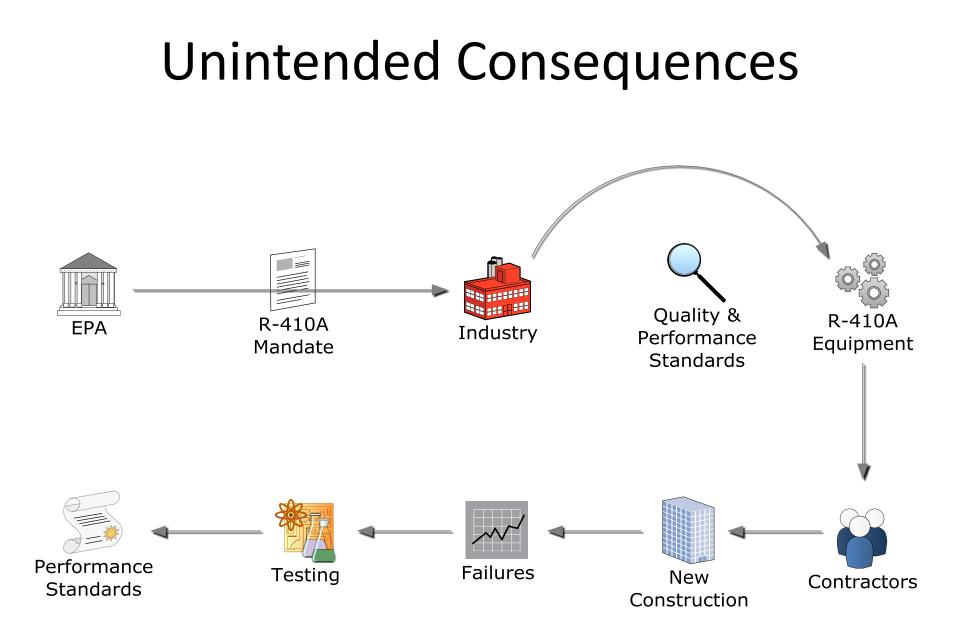
- Significant coordination with OEMs
- Pressures increased by over 50%



Evolution of Refrigerants

Saturation Pressure (psi)

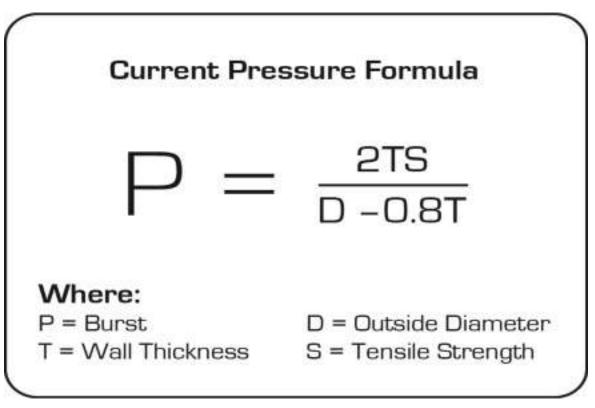






Pressure Formulas

- Are they absolute?
- What factors do they consider?



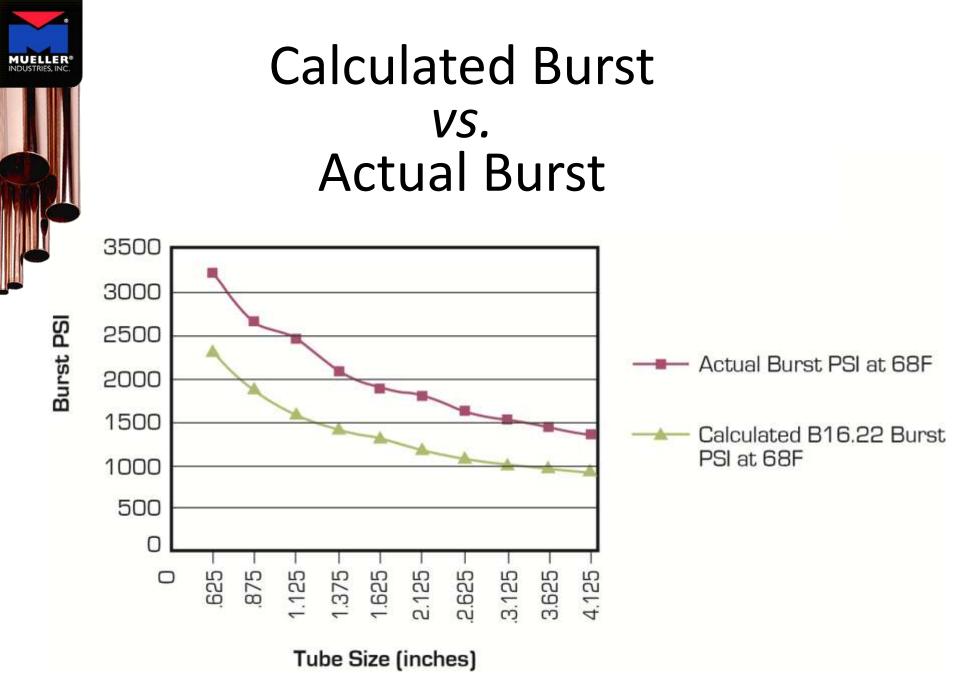


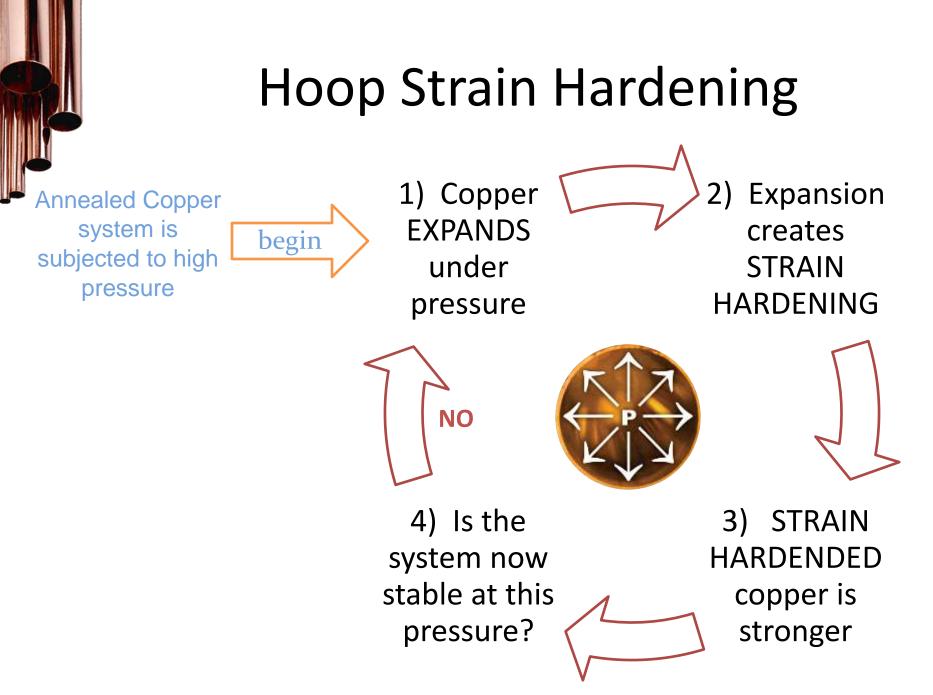
Consensus Standard Deficiencies

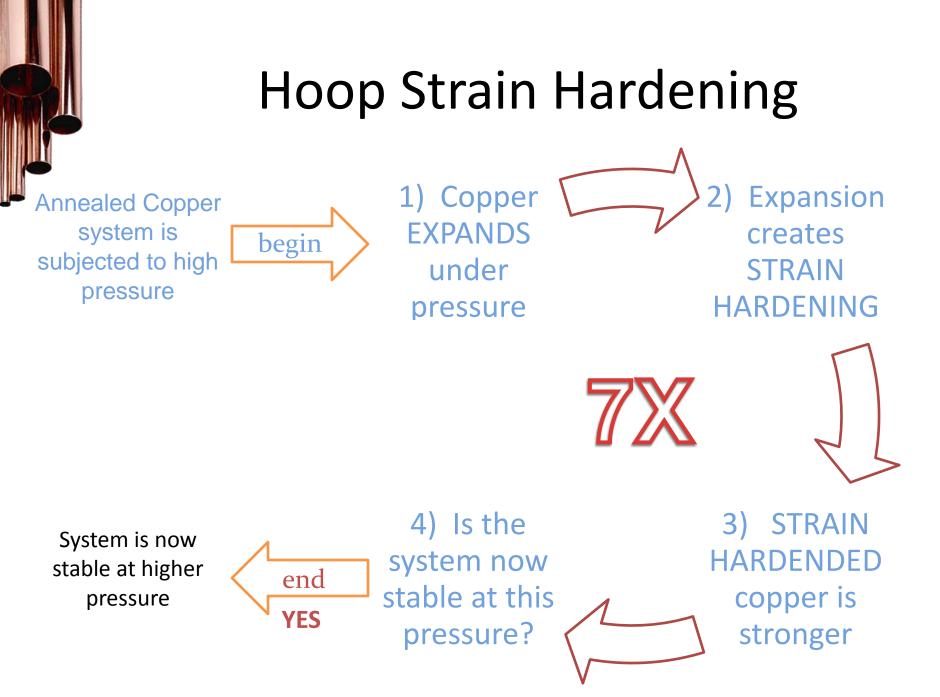
- ASME B16.22 Wrought Copper Fittings 5/8" at 150°F rated to 610psi 1-1/8" at 150°F rated to 490psi 2-1/8" at 150°F rated to 360psi
- DuPont Pressure-Temperature Guide*
 R-410A at 150°F ~ 614psi
 R-404A at 150°F ~ 457psi



* Document K-10909



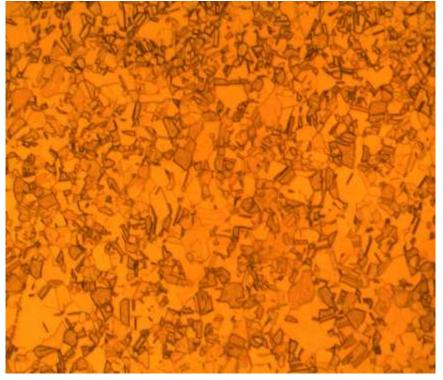






Grain Size Comparison

Two samples of C12200 copper under scanning tunneling microscope



100X Mag; Transverse Cross-Section; Potassium Dichromate Etch 1 ⁵/₈" Refrigeration Service Coil 0.055-mm Average Grain Size

Yield .2% Offset = 13,300 psi



100X Mag; Transverse Cross-Section; Potassium Dichromate Etch 1 ³/₈" Refrigeration Service Coil 0.070-mm Average Grain Size

Yield .2% Offset = 11000 psi



Strength Goes Beyond Wall Thickness

- Grain size
- Grain boundaries
- Process parameters
- Work hardening



Bottom Line:

Wall thickness is part of the equation to determine strength, yet it is only one part.





Proprietary Processes

- Controlled Grain Size
- High Grain Density
- Cleanliness of Grain Boundaries

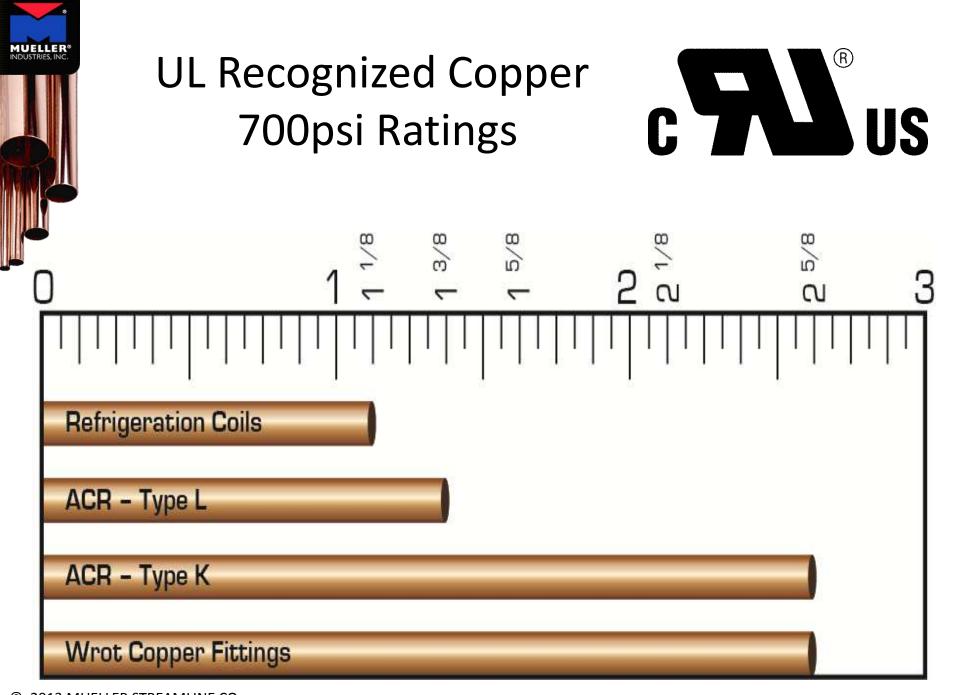






- Patented *Extrusion Process*
- Precision Cascade Drawing
- Predictable Work Hardening



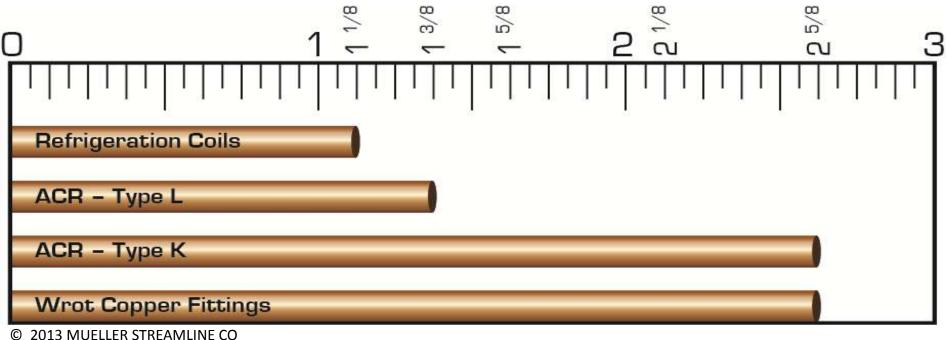


© 2013 MUELLER STREAMLINE CO



Leveraging the Potential

- Consider Type M copper (plumbing) tube for low pressure, secondary cooling loops
- Use standard ACR tubing up to 1-3/8"
- Request Nitrogenized ACR Type K for the most demanding applications





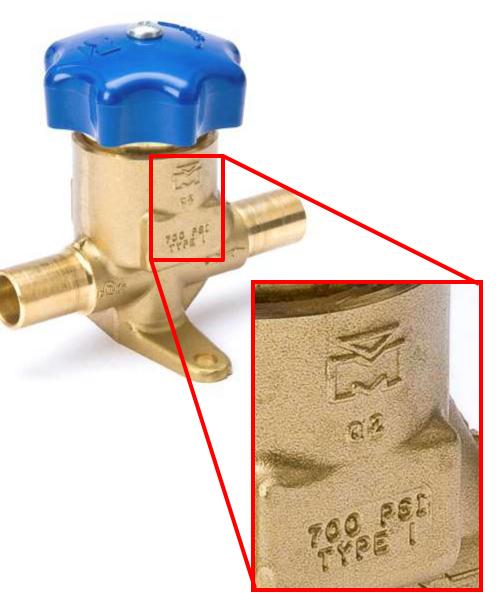
Why 700psi as the high pressure target?

- Covers all common synthetic refrigerants
 - R-410A
 - R-404A
 - R-22
- Covers subcritical CO₂
- Compatible with other key system components



Components...700psi





MUELLER





MUELEK



Competitive Landscape

- Fittings with wall thickness below B16.22
 - & Line Sets with thinner walls
 - Not tested to the same standards as MLI
 - Risky with R-410A & CO_2
- Fittings with wall thickness above B16.22
 - Not tested to the same standards as MLI
 - So what is the value proposition?

Wall thickness is 'part' of the equation





Alternative Material Considerations

- Long-term joint integrity concerns
- Precision required to braze other metals to copper components
- Welded Together ≠ Permanently Sealed
- Repair-ability over service life

Industry Applications

- Copper systems are field proven with R-410A and CO₂ (subcritical)
- Only Streamline[™] Copper Tube & Fittings are UL Recognized to 700psi operating
- Mueller Industries is leading the industry to update standards at ASTM & ASME
- Consult with your manufacturer or supplier for their pressure ratings









Visit us on the web at:

StreamlineCopperQuality.com

or Email us anytime at:

HighPsiCu@MuellerIndustries.com